

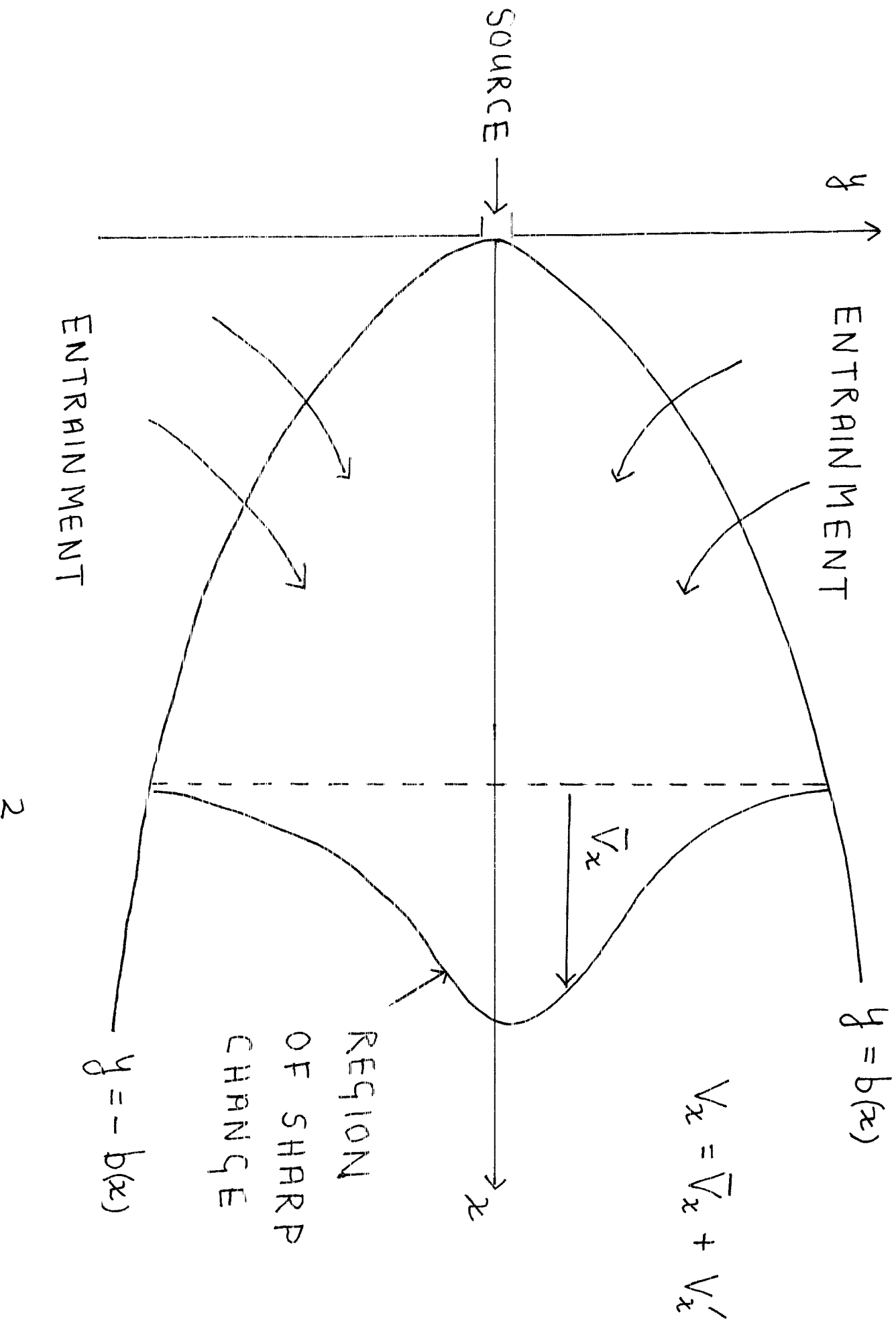
TURBULENT TWO-DIMENSIONAL JET

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# MODEL OF SNEEZE



- TURBULENT FLOW
- BOUNDARY LAYER THEORY
- TURBULENT TWO-DIMENSIONAL JET
- ANALYTICAL SOLUTION
- MODEL OF A SNEEZE

- TURBULENT FLOW

MEAN FLOW + FLUCTUATION

$$V_i(x, y, t) = \bar{V}_i(x, y) + V'_i(x, y, t)$$

$$\overline{\bar{V}_i} = \bar{V}_i, \quad \overline{V'_i} = 0, \quad \overline{V'_i V'_j} \neq 0$$

NAVIER - STOKES EQUATION

$$\rho \left( \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial t} + v_x \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial x} + v_y \frac{\partial v_x}{\partial y} \right) = - \frac{\partial p}{\partial x} + \mu \left( \frac{\partial^2 v_x}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v_x}{\partial y^2} \right)$$

↑  
NONLINEAR TERM

THE REYNOLDS STRESSES

$$\bar{\tau}_{xy}(T) = - \rho \overline{v'_x v'_y} \neq 0$$

# BOUSSINESQUE HYPOTHESIS

$$-\rho \overline{v'_i v'_j} = \mu_T \left( \frac{\partial \bar{v}_i}{\partial x_j} + \frac{\partial \bar{v}_j}{\partial x_i} \right)$$

EDDY VISCOSITY  $\mu_T$

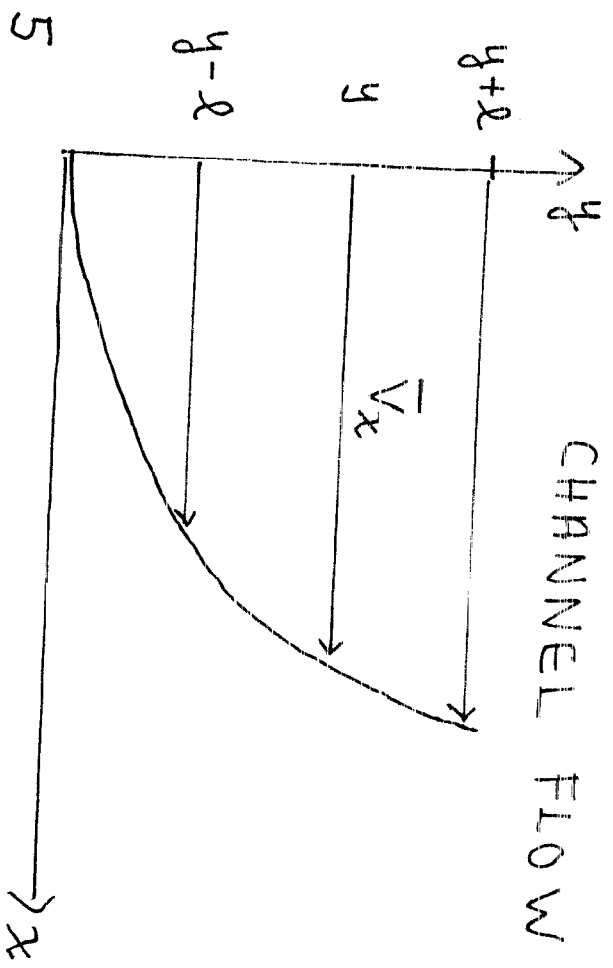
PROPERTY OF THE FLOW

TURBULENT FLOW  $\mu$  REPLACED BY  $\mu + \mu_T$

PRANDTL'S MIXING LENGTH MODEL

$$\mu_T = \rho l^2(x) \left| \frac{\partial \bar{v}_x}{\partial y} \right|$$

$$\nu_T = \frac{\mu_T}{\rho} = l^2(x) \left| \frac{\partial \bar{v}_x}{\partial y} \right|$$



• BOUNDARY LAYER THEORY

REYNOLDS NUMBER

$$Re = \frac{UL}{\nu}$$

$$Re(t) = \frac{UL}{\nu + \nu_t}$$

BOUNDARY LAYER PROVIDED

$$\frac{\delta}{L} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{Re(t)}} \ll 1$$

$$\sqrt{Re(t)} \gg 1$$

APPLIES TO

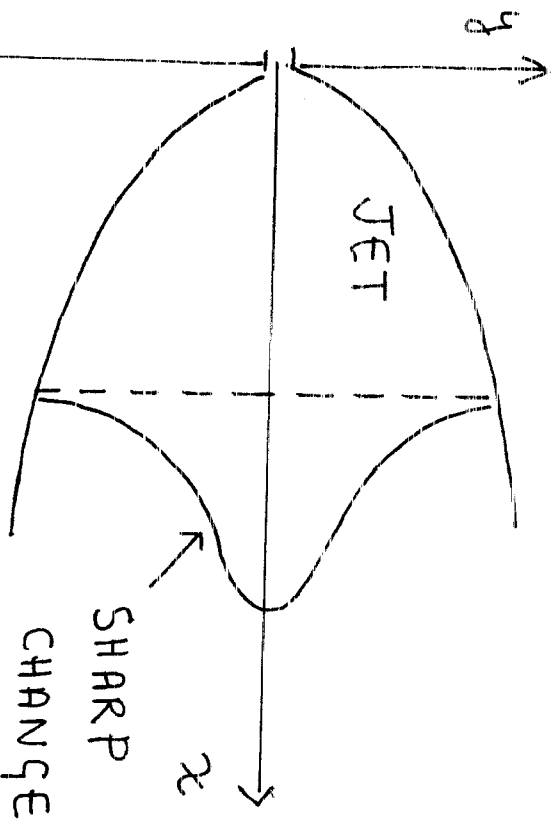
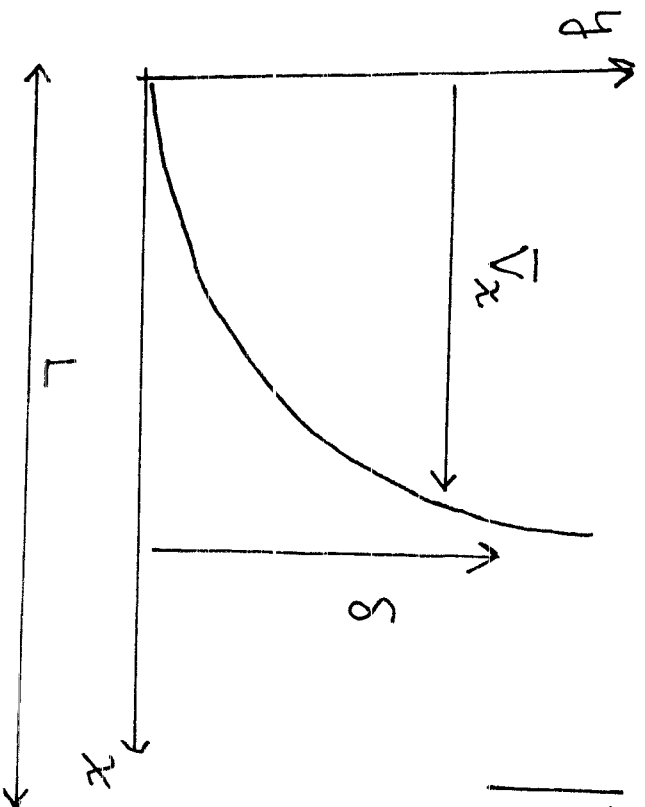
SOLID BOUNDARY

JET

WAKE

PLUME

$$\left| \frac{\partial \bar{v}_x}{\partial y} \right| \gg \left| \frac{\partial \bar{v}_x}{\partial x} \right|$$



# • TURBULENT JET

## REYNOLDS AVERAGED EQUATIONS

$$\bar{V}_x \frac{\partial \bar{V}_x}{\partial x} + \bar{V}_y \frac{\partial \bar{V}_x}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left[ (\nu + \nu_T) \frac{\partial \bar{V}_x}{\partial y} \right]$$

$$\nu_T = \mathcal{L}^2(x) \left| \frac{\partial \bar{V}_x}{\partial y} \right|$$

## CONSERVATION OF MASS

$$\frac{\partial \bar{V}_x}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial \bar{V}_y}{\partial y} = 0 ; \quad \bar{V}_x = \frac{\partial \psi}{\partial y}, \quad \bar{V}_y = -\frac{\partial \psi}{\partial x}$$

## BOUNDARY CONDITIONS

$$V_y(x, 0) = 0, \quad \frac{\partial \bar{V}_x}{\partial y}(x, 0) = 0, \quad \bar{V}_x(x, b(x)) = 0, \quad \frac{\partial \bar{V}_x}{\partial y}(x, b(x)) = 0.$$

CONSERVED QUANTITY

$$J = 2\rho \int_0^{b(x)} \bar{v}_x^2(x, y) dy$$

= CONSTANT INDEPENDENT OF  $x$

$J$  = MEAN MOMENTUM FLUX

- SIMILARITY SOLUTION

SCALING TRANSFORMATION

$$\bar{x} = \lambda^a x, \quad \bar{y} = \lambda^b y, \quad \bar{\psi} = \lambda^c \psi, \quad \bar{\rho} = \lambda^m \rho$$

- REDUCE PDE TO ODE

- ANALYTICAL SOLUTION WHEN  $\nu = 0$  ( $\nu \ll \nu_T$ )



## • MODEL OF A SNEEZE

FIT PARAMETER VALUES FOR A SNEEZE

RANGE OF JET IN DOWNSTREAM X-DIRECTION

RANGE OF JET IN TRANSVERSE Y-DIRECTION

ESTIMATES OF SOCIAL DISTANCE

MODEL EFFECT OF MASK BY CHANGING VALUE OF J

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